Audit Report

Durable Medical Equipment Delivered to Deceased Medicaid Beneficiaries

Longhorn Health Solutions

August 25, 2020
OIG Report No. AUD-20-018
Longhorn Health Solutions

DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT DELIVERED TO DECEASED MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES

August 25, 2020

Dear Mr. Wadle:

The Texas Health and Human Services (HHS) Office of Inspector General Audit and Inspections Division (OIG Audit) has completed an audit of Longhorn Health Solutions’ (Longhorn’s) delivery of durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies to Medicaid beneficiaries after the beneficiary’s date of death, and its submission of fee-for-service claims to the Texas Medicaid and Healthcare Partnership (TMHP). For 15 of the 16 deliveries tested, the beneficiary was eligible at the time of delivery, even though it was past the beneficiary’s date of death. Both TexMedConnect, which Longhorn uses for verification, and Texas Integrated Eligibility Redesign System (TIERS), which the audit team used for verification, listed the beneficiary as eligible at the time of delivery. Therefore, the audit did not result in recommendations to Longhorn. Auditors communicated other, less significant issues separately in writing to Longhorn’s management.

Specifically, between September 1, 2017, and August 31, 2019, Longhorn made 16 deliveries of DME supplies to 14 Medicaid beneficiaries more than 30 days after the beneficiary had died. TMHP paid claims totaling $2,375.51 for those 16 deliveries. On average, it took over 112 days for TexMedConnect and the TIERS system to reflect the deaths of Medicaid beneficiaries. The attachment to this letter contains additional details on issues auditors identified in this limited scope audit review.

Sincerely,

Audrey O’Neill, CIA, CFE, CGAP
Chief of Audit and Inspections

Attachment

cc: Cecile Erwin Young, HHS Executive Commissioner
Section 1: Summary of Audit Findings and Recommendations

For this audit, OIG Audit reviewed all fee-for-service DME services Longhorn provided for Medicaid beneficiaries who died in state fiscal years 2018 and 2019. Unless otherwise described, any year referenced is the state fiscal year, which covers the period from September 1 through August 31.

Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) Medicaid and CHIP Services staff allows DME providers 30 days after the death of a Medicaid beneficiary to identify that the beneficiary is no longer eligible and cease making deliveries. Therefore, OIG Audit reviewed all the identified deliveries made more than 30 days after the beneficiary died. Table 1 identifies the deliveries made by Longhorn more than 30 days after the death of the Medicaid beneficiary.

Table 1: Deliveries Made More than 30 Days After Death

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient</th>
<th>Date of Death</th>
<th>Date of Service</th>
<th>Days After Death</th>
<th>TIERS End of Eligibility Date</th>
<th>TIERS Change Date</th>
<th>Days from End Date to Change Date</th>
<th>Amount Paid by TMHP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1/10/2019</td>
<td>7/19/2019</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>1/10/2019</td>
<td>6/25/2019</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>$180.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>12/11/2017</td>
<td>1/17/2018</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>1/31/2018</td>
<td>3/14/2018</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>201.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>10/31/2017</td>
<td>12/12/2017</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>10/31/2017</td>
<td>1/30/2018</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>262.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>10/31/2017</td>
<td>1/10/2018</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>10/31/2017</td>
<td>1/30/2018</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>257.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>9/28/2017</td>
<td>11/9/2017</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>9/28/2017</td>
<td>1/30/2018</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>140.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10/16/2017</td>
<td>1/10/2018</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>10/16/2017</td>
<td>1/19/2018</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>211.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>9/10/2017</td>
<td>10/13/2017</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>9/10/2017</td>
<td>10/19/2017</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>106.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>10/13/2017</td>
<td>11/21/2017</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>10/13/2017</td>
<td>1/26/2018</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>13.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>11/19/2018</td>
<td>1/9/2019</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>11/19/2018</td>
<td>2/4/2019</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>257.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>12/7/2018</td>
<td>1/9/2019</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>12/7/2018</td>
<td>2/1/2019</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>247.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>9/10/2017</td>
<td>11/20/2017</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>9/10/2017</td>
<td>1/11/2018</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>92.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>9/30/2017</td>
<td>11/1/2017</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>9/30/2017</td>
<td>11/21/2017</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>55.74</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>9/13/2017</td>
<td>10/19/2017</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>9/13/2017</td>
<td>10/24/2017</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>83.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: OIG Audit and Inspections Division

Longhorn delivered DME supplies to beneficiaries after their death. However, at the time of delivery, the beneficiary was eligible for DME deliveries based on a review of the beneficiary’s information in the TexMedConnect, which is the system Longhorn uses to verify eligibility. As a result, there are no audit recommendations.
Longhorn DME Limited Scope Audit

August 25, 2020

HHS Office of Inspector General Audit and Inspections Division

OIG Audit presented a draft copy of this report to Longhorn on August 18, 2020. Longhorn provided the following response:

Longhorn Health Solutions uses a robust eligibility verification process to ensure that the claims it submits are for eligible patients only. None of the claims listed were provided more than 30 days after the patient’s eligibility was updated, and all but 1 still showed to be in active status when the supplies were delivered. During this same timeframe, Longhorn filed more than 200,000 claims to Texas Medicaid with an error rate of less than .0001%. Longhorn will remain vigilant to properly service Texas Medicaid beneficiaries.
Section 2: Objective, Scope, Methodology, Criteria, and Standards

During previous audits of DME fee-for-service providers, OIG Audit noted that DME services were provided to some Medicaid beneficiaries after their death. OIG Audit reviewed data on all fee-for-service DME services provided after death for Medicaid beneficiaries who died in 2018 and 2019 and initiated an audit of Longhorn for DME delivered to deceased Medicaid beneficiaries more than 30 days after death.

Objective and Scope

The audit objective was to determine compliance with requirements applicable to delivery of fee-for-service DME supplies and submissions of Medicaid claims more than 30 days after the date of death of Medicaid beneficiaries during the period September 1, 2017, to August 31, 2019.

The audit scope was limited to DME services provided more than 30 days after the date of death during 2018 and 2019. The following principles of the control activities component of internal control were significant to the objectives:

- The organization selects and develops control activities that contribute to the mitigation of risks to acceptable levels.
- The organization deploys control activities through policies that establish what is expected and procedures that put policies into action.

Auditors assessed the design of the two internal control activities noted above. This control assessment resulted in testing the TIERS system eligibility status of Medicaid beneficiaries before the delivery of DME supplies.

Methodology

An analysis of the fee-for-service data identified Longhorn as one of the top three DME providers who delivered services more than 30 days after the death of the Medicaid beneficiary. OIG Audit collected information for this audit through discussions and electronic communications with Longhorn management and staff and by reviewing all fee-for-service DME services provided after death for Medicaid beneficiaries who died during the audit scope. OIG Audit reviewed all the identified deliveries made more than 30 days after the beneficiary was deceased and performed other selected tests and procedures.
Criteria

OIG Audit used the following criteria to evaluate the information provided:


Auditing Standards

Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

The OIG Audit and Inspections Division conducted this audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for the issues and conclusions based on our audit objectives. The OIG Audit and Inspections Division believes the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our issues and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

Report Team

OIG staff members who contributed to this audit report include:

- Audrey O’Neill, CIA, CFE, CGAP, Chief of Audit and Inspections
- Kacy VerColen, CPA, Assistant Deputy Inspector General for Audit
- Joel A. Brophy, CIA, CFE, CRMA, CICA, Audit Director
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- Michelle Alletto, Chief Program and Services Officer
- Nicole Guerrero, Director of Internal Audit
- Stephanie Stephens, State Medicaid Director, Medicaid and CHIP Services
- Katherine Scheib, Deputy Associate Commissioner, Medicaid and CHIP Services

Longhorn Health Solutions.

- L.C. Wadle, Vice President of Operations
- Jenny Roy, Revenue Cycle Manager
Section 3: OIG Mission, Leadership, and Contact Information

The mission of OIG is to prevent, detect, and deter fraud, waste, and abuse through the audit, investigation, and inspection of federal and state taxpayer dollars used in the provision and delivery of health and human services in Texas. The senior leadership guiding the fulfillment of OIG’s mission and statutory responsibility includes:

- Sylvia Hernandez Kauffman, Inspector General
- Susan Biles, Chief of Staff
- Dirk Johnson, Chief Counsel
- Christine Maldonado, Chief of Operations and Workforce Leadership
- Juliet Charron, Chief of Strategy
- Steve Johnson, Chief of Investigations and Reviews

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